

## **NEONATAL**

## **AMIODARONE**

This document should be read in conjunction with this **DISCLAIMER** 

Highly Restricted: Requires Neonatologist or Cardiologist approval before commencing

## **⚠ HIGH RISK Medication**

Presentation	Ampoule: 150mg/3mL			
	Oral Suspension: 5mg/mL (KEMH/PCH Pharmacy)			
Classification	Antiarrhythmic			
Indication	Control of ventricular and supraventricular arrhythmias			
Contraindications	Hypersensitivity to amiodarone, iodine, or any component of the formulation.			
	Severe sinus-node dysfunction causing marked sinus bradycardia			
	Second and third degree heart block			
	Bradycardia causing syncope			
	Cardiogenic shock			
Precautions	<ul> <li>Hepatic disease</li> <li>Pulmonary disease</li> <li>Thyroid disorder</li> <li>Electrolyte imbalance (Hypokalaemia)</li> </ul>			
Dose	Antiarrhythmic  IV Infusion: Loading dose: 5 mg/kg over 30 to 60 minutes then; Continuous Infusion: 5 microgram/kg/minute, gradually increase to 15 microgram/kg/minute according to response.  SVT: Oral: Initial Dosing: 5–10 mg/kg twice daily for 7–10 days Then reduce to 5–10 mg/kg once daily.			

Amiodarone - Neonatal Page 1 of 4

Monitoring	ECG monitoring, Electrolytes, Urea & Creatinine, Liver Function Tests, Thyroid Function Tests, Chest X-Ray, Eye examination, Blood Pressure.			
Dose Adjustment	Adjust dose in severe hepatic impairment			
Compatible Fluids	Glucose 5%			
Preparation	IV Infusion:			
-	Compatible Fluid: Glucose 5%.			
	Loading Dose:			
	Dilute 50mg (1mL) of amiodarone 150mg/3mL to a final volume o 50mL			
	Concentration = 1mg/mL			
	Continuous Infusion:			
	Withdraw 15mg per kilogram of body weight of amiodarone (0.3mL/kg) and dilute to 50mL with compatible fluid.			
	Concentration = 300microgam/mL			
	This will give the following infusion rate:			
	1 mL/hour = 5 microgram/kg/minute			
Administration	IV Infusion:			
	Central line is recommended. If only peripheral access available, use for a maximum of 24 hours before attaining a central line.			
	NON-PVC tubing should be used.			
	Amiodarone is incompatible with heparin.			
	Loading Dose			
	Recommended to be administered over 30 to 60 minutes.			
	Alternatively, it may be infused between 20 to 120 minutes depending on clinical need.			
	Adjust administration rate to patient's clinical condition and urgency; give slowly to patients who have a pulse (ie, perfusing arrhythmia - atrial fibrillation, stable ventricular tachycardia), do not exceed recommended IV concentrations or rates of infusion (severe hepatic toxicity may occur). Slow the infusion rate if hypotension or bradycardia develops			
	Oral: Amiodarone should be given with feeds			

Amiodarone - Neonatal Page 2 of 4

Adverse Reactions	Common: extravasation, injection site reactions Raised serum transaminases, jaundice, bradycardia, pneumonitis, pulmonary fibrosis, tremor, hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism, reversible corneal microdeposits, phototoxicity, persistent slate-grey skin discolouration. Rapid IV administration is associated with hypotension and dysrhythmias.  Rare: Worsening of arrhythmia, sinus arrest, peripheral neuropathy and myopathy, bronchospasm, benign intracranial hypertension, haemolytic or aplastic anaemia, thrombocytopenia, rash, hypersensitivity including vasculitis, anaphylaxis on rapid injection.	
Storage	Store at room temperature, below 25°C, protect from light	
Interactions	Incompatible with Sodium Chloride 0.9%	
Notes	Ampoules contain benzyl alcohol that is associated with "gasping syndrome" in prolonged treatment.  Presents as metabolic acidosis, respiratory distress, gasping respirations, convulsions, intracranial haemorrhage, hypotension and cardiovascular collapse	
Guidelines & Resources	Arrhythmias Cardiac Dysrhythmias Arrhythmias and Cardiac Arrest on NICU: Treatment Algorithms Cardioversion and Defibrillation Cardiac: Complications Management Following Surgery	
References	Takemoto CK, Hodding JH, Kraus DM. Pediatric & neonatal dosage handbook with international trade names index: a universal resource for clinicians treating pediatric and neonatal patients. 24th ed. Hudson (Ohio): Lexicomp; 2401. 2, p117.  Australian Medicines Handbook Amiodarone. In: Australian Medicines Handbook [Internet]. Adelaide (South Australia): Australian Medicines Handbook; 2019 [cited 2019 Jul 03]. Available from: <a href="https://amhonline.amh.net.au/">https://amhonline.amh.net.au/</a> Society of Hospital Pharmacists of Australia. Amiodarone. In: Australian Injectable Drugs Handbook [Internet]. [St Leonards, New South Wales]: Health Communication Network; 2017 [cited 2019 Jul 03]. Available from: <a href="http://aidh.hcn.com.au">http://aidh.hcn.com.au</a>	

Amiodarone - Neonatal Page 3 of 4

Document owner:	Head of Department - Neonatology				
Author / Reviewer:	KEMH & PCH Pharmacy / Neonatology Directorate				
Date first issued:	August 2002	Version:	3.0		
Last reviewed:	July 2019	Next review date:	July 2022		
Endorsed by:	Neonatal Directorate Management Group	Date:	July 2019		
Standards Applicable:	NSQHS Standards:  1  Governance 3  Infection Control 4  Medication Safety;				
Printed or personally saved electronic copies of this document are considered uncontrolled.					
Access the current version from the WNHS website.					

© Department of Health Western Australia 2019

Amiodarone - Neonatal Page 4 of 4