

SILDENAFIL

Read in conjunction with Disclaimer

A HIGH RISK Medication

Formulary: Highly Restricted Requires neonatologist approval before commencing				
Presentation	Ampoule: 10 mg/12.5 mL (0.8 mg/mL) Oral Suspension: 2 mg/mL (prepared in KEMH/PCH Pharmacy)			
Drug Class	Selective phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitor. PDE5 is found in the smooth muscle of the pulmonary vasculature, where it is responsible for the degradation of cyclic guanosine monophosphate (cGMP). Sildenafil increases cGMP within pulmonary vascular smooth muscle cells resulting in smooth muscle relaxation. In patients with pulmonary hypertension, this can lead to selective vasodilatation of the pulmonary vascular bed and, to a lesser degree, vasodilatation in the systemic circulation.			
Indications	 Sildenafil is a selective pulmonary vasodilator used to treat: Persistent Pulmonary Hypertension of the Neonate (PPHN) where Refractory to inhaled nitric oxide (iNO) and other conventional therapies or; Neonate persistently unable to be weaned off inhaled nitric oxide or; Where inhaled nitric oxide and high frequency jet ventilation are not available or contraindicated. Chronic pulmonary hypertension secondary to respiratory, cardiac or chest wall disease. 			
Special Considerations	 Use in less than 37 weeks: IV sildenafil is reserved for severe refractory pulmonary hypertension. Potential risk (pulmonary haemorrhage) should be considered versus overall benefit of therapy. Sildenafil should not be used in patients; with hereditary degenerative retinal disorders severe hepatic impairment Use with caution in patients: receiving nitrates ((e.g. glyceryl trinitrate, isosorbide mononitrate, sodium nitroprusside) with hypotension (or concurrent use with alprostadil) suspected or confirmed sepsis with bleeding disorders Concomitant use of CYP 3A4 inhibitors – see Interactions Use extreme caution when titrating dosage and changing lines/fluids as sudden changes to rates can result in blood pressure fluctuations.			

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Monitoring	 Oxygen saturation must be continuously monitored when commencing sildenafil as it can acutely increase oxygen requirements due to ventilation/perfusion (V/Q) mismatch. Monitor blood pressure twice daily or at least daily as ordered by medical staff. Heart rate, left ventricular performance. Renal function and urine output. hepatic function. Consider monitoring with echocardiogram. 			
Compatibility Fluids: Glucose 5% (preferred), Sodium Chloride 0.9%. Refer to KEMH Neonatal Medication Guideline: Y-Site IV in Neonates.				
Incompatibility	IV: No data available- where possible administer via dedicated line.			
Interactions	 Sildenafil metabolism is principally mediated by the CYP3A4 (major route) and CYP2C9 (minor route). Erythromycin and fluconazole may increase concentrations of sildenafil by reducing hepatic clearance. Rifampicin may decrease concentrations of sildenafil by inducing its' hepatic metabolism. Avoid concomitant use of sildenafil with: alprostadil (prostaglandin E1), other antihypertensives and vasodilators as they may have their effects potentiated by sildenafil.			
	Common: hypotension, flushing, dyspepsia, headache, dizziness, visual disturbances, nasal congestion, vomiting, rash.			
Side Effects	Serious: serious cardiovascular disorders (including arrhythmia and sudden cardiac death), raised intra-ocular pressure, swelling of the eyelids.			
Storage & Stability	Storage & StabilityVial: Store unopened vials at room temperature (20 to 25°C). Discard open vials after use. Oral Suspension: Store at room temperature (below 30°C).			

	Presentation (for oral use)	Oral Suspension : 2 mg/mL (prepared in KEMH/PCH Pharmacy)	
ORAL	Dose	 Pulmonary hypertension Initially 0.25 to 0.5 mg/kg/dose every 4 to 8 hours, adjusting according to response. Maximum dose of 2 mg/kg/dose 6 hourly. Dose adjustment Patients concurrently receiving other vasodilators (including nitric oxide) should start with a lower dose. Treatment should be weaned gradually to prevent withdrawal Renal and/or hepatic impairment: adjustment may be required, limited data. 	
	Administration	 Shake well before use. Draw prescribed dose into oral/enteral syringe. Can be given Oral/OGT/NGT. May be given anytime in relation to feeds. 	

	Presentation (for IV use)		5 mL (0.8 mg/mL) <i>CIVAS (KEMH Only)</i>		
		Pulmonary hyp Intravenous Co	pertension ontinuous Infusion	र्	
S INFUSION		Less than 37 Weeks Corrected Gestational Age			
		Loading	0.1 mg/kg (0.13 mg/kg/hour) administered over 45 minutes then reduce to maintenance infusion rate,		
		Maintenance	0.5 to 1.2 mg/kg/day (0.021 to 0.05 mg/kg/hour) as a continuous infusion for up to 7 days.		
		37 Weeks Corrected Gestational Age or greater			
INTRAVENOUS INFUSION	Dosage	Loading	0.4 mg/kg (0.13 mg/kg/hour) administered over 3 hours then reduce to maintenance infusion rate,		
		Maintenance	1.6 mg/kg/day (0.067 mg/kg/hour) as a continuous infusion for up to 7 days.		
		 Dose adjustment Patients concurrently receiving other vasodilators (including nitric oxide) should start with a lower dose. Treatment should be weaned gradually to prevent withdrawal Renal and/or hepatic impairment: adjustment may be required, limited data. 			
	Preparation	Less than 37 Weeks CGADilute 0.62 mg/kg (0.78 mL/kg) of sildenafil solution and make to 15 mL using compatible fluid.37 Weeks CGA or greaterDilute 2 mg/kg (2.5 mL/kg) of sildenafil solution and make to 15 mL using compatible fluid.			
	Administration	Maintenanc 0.05mg/kg/h 37 Weeks CGA	ge driver pump: <u>Veeks CGA</u> se: 3.2 mL/hour (0.1 mg/kg) for 45 minutes se dose: 0.5 to 1.2 mL/hour (0.021 to our)		
		_	e dose: 0.5 mL/hour (0.067 mg/kg/hour)		

Related Policies, Procedures, and Guidelines

CAHS Neonatology Guidelines:

Persistent Pulmonary Hypertension of the Newborn (PPHN)

Nitric Oxide Therapy (iNO)

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