



ADULT MEDICATION GUIDELINE					
Oxytocin					
Scope (Staff):	All WNHS Staff				
Scope (Area):	Obstetrics and Gynaecology				
This document should be read in conjunction with the Disclaimer .					

Quick Links

DoseAdministrationMonitoringPregnancy and Breastfeeding

Restrictions

Formulary: Unrestricted

Medication Class

Oxytocic (synthetic pituitary hormone)

Presentation

Ampoule: 10unit/mL

Combination Product:

Ampoule: Oxytocin 5unit Ergometrine 500microg per 1mL (Refer to KEMH Adult Medication

Guideline: Syntometrine)

Storage

Protect from light.

Store at 2 - 8°C (Refrigerate. Do not freeze)*

*May be stored for up to 30 days, at or below 25°C. If stock is removed from the refrigerator, ensure the date of removal is clearly written on the blue and white stickers (7b) provided by pharmacy.

Dose and Administration

<u>Prophylaxis and Treatment of Postpartum Haemorrhage:</u>

Refer to: KEMH O&G Restricted Area Clinical Practice Guideline: Postpartum Complications

(Intranet access only)

Refer to: KEMH Community Midwifery Program Clinical Practice Guideline: Primary Postpartum

Haemorrhage (PPH) at Home (CMP) (Intranet access only)

Induction of Labour:

Refer to: KEMH O&G Restricted Area Clinical Practice Guideline: Induction of Labour (Intranet

access only)

Pharmacological management of uterine tone at caesarean birth:

Refer to: KEMH O&G Clinical Practice Guideline: Caesarean birth

Active management of the third stage of labour:

Refer to: KEMH O&G Clinical Practice Guideline: Labour: Third stage

Retained Placenta:

Refer to: KEMH O&G Clinical Practice Guideline: Labour: Third stage: Retained Placenta

Monitoring

When using an infusion, monitor fluid balance to prevent water intoxication.

Pregnancy

1st Trimester: Consider alternative
2nd Trimester: Consider alternative
3rd Trimester: Monitoring required

Breastfeeding

Safe to use

Comments

Do not use ampoules that have been out of the fridge for more than 30 days or if the date of removal from the fridge is unknown.

Related Policies, Procedures & Guidelines

WNHS O&G Clinical Practice Guidelines (in addition to those listed above):

- Blood Products and Transfusion: Refusal
- Bladder Management
- Birth After Previous Caesarean Section
- Fetal Heart Rate Monitoring
- Pregnancy care: Mid-trimester pregnancy loss (including abortion) (Restricted Area Guideline – Intranet access only)
- Multiple Pregnancy
- Labour: Partogram
- Fetal Compromise / Distress (Acute)
- Rupture of Membranes- Spontaneous (Pre-viability, Preterm and Term)
- Cardiac Disease
- Labour: First Stage: Management of Delay
- Labour: Second Stage: Management of Delay
- Abnormalities of lie / presentation
- Body Mass Index (BMI) >40: Management of a Woman with

WNHS Medicines Management Guidelines:

Structured Administration & Supply Arrangement (SASA): Oxytocin

<u>Prescribing by Eligible Private Practicing Midwives (EPPM) with a Scheduled Medicines</u> <u>Endorsement</u>

References

Australian Medicines Handbook. Oxytocin. In: Australian Medicines Handbook [Internet]. Adelaide (South Australia): Australian Medicines Handbook; 2021 [cited 2021 Mar 24]. Available from: https://amhonline.amh.net.au/

The Royal Women's Hospital. Oxytocin. In: Pregnancy and Breastfeeding Medicines Guide [Internet]. Parkville (Victoria): The Royal Women's Hospital; 2020 [cited 2021 Mar 24]. Available from: https://thewomenspbmg.org.au/

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NSQHS Standards Applicable:	Std 1: Clinical Governance			Std 5: Comprehensive Care				
	Std 2: Partnering with Consumers				Std 6: Communicating for Safety			
	Std 3: Pr	eventing and Control	Std 7: Blood Management					
	Std 4: Me	edication Safety	Std 8: Recognising and Responding to Acute Deterioration					
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